

6.3 Practice Set

1. Describe the general technique for graphing a hyperbola.
2. How are the hyperbola and the ellipse equations similar?
3. How can you recognize a conic by its equation?

Graph each of the following relations. Give the x-intercept(s), y-intercept(s), domain, and range.

4. $\frac{x^2}{9} - \frac{y^2}{25} = 1$

5. $\frac{y^2}{4} - \frac{x^2}{16} = 1$

6. $x^2 - 4y^2 = 36$

7. $2y^2 - 8x^2 = 72$

8. $(x + 1)^2 - (y - 3)^2 = 25$

9. $\frac{(x-2)^2}{9} - \frac{(y-4)^2}{36} = 1$

10. $\frac{(x-5)^2}{13} - \frac{(y+1)^2}{8} = 1$

Identify each of the following as a parabola, circle, ellipse or hyperbola.

11. $y = 4x^2 + 4x - 8$

12. $x - y^2 = 12y$

13. $\frac{(x-4)^2}{9} + \frac{(y-1)^2}{16} = 1$

14. $\frac{(x-3)^2}{4} - \frac{(y-2)^2}{81} = 1$

$$15. \frac{(x-6)^2}{7} + \frac{(y+8)^2}{7} = 1$$

$$16. 4y^2 - 4x^2 = 8$$

$$17. x^2 + y^2 - 12x + 2y = -1$$

$$18. 2x^2 + 2y^2 + 8y = 10$$

$$19. x + \frac{y^2}{25} = 1$$

$$20. y - 6x^2 = 4x + 1$$

Distributed Practice Problems

Graph each of the following functions. Give the x-intercept(s), y-intercept, domain, range, and the equation(s) of any asymptote(s).

$$21. y = -\frac{4}{5}x + 2$$

$$22. y = 2x^2 - 6x - 8$$

$$23. y = \sqrt{x} - 1$$

$$24. y = -|x + 3| + 4$$

$$25. x = -(y - 2)^2$$

$$26. y = \frac{1}{x-4} + 5$$

$$27. y = 3^{x-4}$$

$$28. y = \log_4(x + 1) - 2$$

$$29. \frac{(x-3)^2}{16} + \frac{(y+4)^2}{25} = 1$$

$$30. (x + 2)^2 + y^2 = 9$$