## CC Civil Rights and Liberties Quiz

## Question 1 (4 points)

Match each term to the correct description.

## Column A

- 1. civil liberties: a
- 2. civil rights: b
- 3. substantive liberty: c
- 4. procedural liberty: d

Column B a. limitations on how the government does something (like assuming the accused are innocent until proven guilty) b. benefits of equal citizenship (like protecting from discrimination) c. limitations on what the government can/cannot do (like establish a state religion) d. limitations on the government (stops them from interfering with citizen's freedom)

# Question 2 (2 points)

Americans are considered dual citizens. What are we dual citizens of? (Mark all that apply)

- United States of America
- United Nations
- State in which we reside
- □ <sub>d</sub> Federation

### Question 3 (1 point)

What is the most important part of the 14th amendment? (why is it so important?)

- O a it extends due process from the national government
- O h it gives equal voting access
- it extends due process protect to the states

### Question 4 (1 point)

What is the process of extending the Bill of Rights (based on the 14th amendment) to the states called? (It happens on a case by case basis rather than all at once)

- O a judicial restraint
- O h slow and steady protection

- <sub>c</sub> judicial processing
- d selective incorporation

# Question 5 (1 point)

Why DIDN'T the framers originally include protections from the state governments?

- states were supposed to be the best protectors of liberty
- $\bigcirc_{\mathbf{h}}$  they had to meet their deadline
- $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$   $\ensuremath{\mathsf{c}}$  c the national government can't tell states what to do

# Question 6 (1 point)

Which of the Bill of Rights have been extended to the state governments at this point?

- a almost all of them
- O h 1st, 4th, 5th, and 6th
- C c all but the 9th and 10th
- O d only the 2nd