Civil Rights & Liberties – Crash Course Notes

23: Civil Rights & Liberties https://youtu.be/kbwsF-A2sTg

- 1. Identify Each term:
 - a. Civil Liberties
 - b. Civil Rights
- 2. What is a substantive liberty?
- 3. What is a *procedural liberty*?
- 4. Americans are considered dual citizens. What are we citizens of?
- 5. Why is the 14 Amendment important?
 - a. What is selective incorporation?
 - b. Why did the framers include protections from states in the Bill of Rights?
- 6. Which amendments now protect us from state government as well?

24: Freedom of Religion https://youtu.be/Y8dI1GTWCk4

- 1. What is the first clause of the first amendment?
 - a. What does the establishment clause mean?
 - b. What does the exercise clause mean?
- 2. T or F The First Amendment protects any and all religious practices
 - a. Give an example to support your choice

- 3. Lemon v. Kurtzman (1971) and Engel v. Vitale (1962)
 - a. What was the main issue?
 - b. Identify the three prongs of the Lemon test
 - i. Prong One
 - ii. Prong Two
 - iii. Prong Three
 - c. Explain the reason the supreme court overturned the state laws

25: Freedom of Speech https://youtu.be/Zeeq0qaEaLw

- 1. T or F Spending money can be considered freedom of speech.
 - a. When/why?
- 2. What is the primary reason for free speech?
- 3. Who does the First Amendment protect you from?
- 4. What type of free speech has the strongest protections?
- 5. When/what type of speech is not protected?
- 6. When can someone be protected from their employer under Freedom of Speech?