Anatomy of the Constitution Name:

A. Vocabulary. Match the term with the correct definitions from the lesson. ____ 1. ratify A) Introduce a new amendment ____ 2. execute B) Carry out a law ____ 3. federalism C) A representative form of government ____ 4. republican D) Approve or pass an amendment ____ 5. propose E) System where the national government shares power with state governments **B. Multiple Choice.** Use what you have learned in this lesson to answer the following questions. ____ 6. How many senators are in the U.S. Senate? ____ 8. What was added to the Constitution that listed rights not already in the Constitution? a. 50 b. 435 a. The 14th Amendment c. 100 b. The approval of all 13 states d. It depends on the population. c. The Bill of Rights d. The Necessary and Proper Clause _ 7. What does the Constitution say is the 9. What is the term for members of the House 'supreme law of the land'? of Representatives? a. The Bill of Rights a. 2 years b. State laws b. 4 years c. The amendments c. 6 years d. U.S. or federal laws d. Life **C. Separate Those Powers!** Draw a line **D. Article Match-Up.** Draw a line connecting each connecting each branch to the powers it has. Constitutional article with the subject that it covers. Articles 13. Discusses how states should 1-3 10. We write the bills interact with each other. that become laws. Article 14. Supreme Law of the Land The Judicial 4 **Branch** Amendments 11. We make sure the 15. Creates the three branches of laws are carried the U.S. government out and enforced. Article The Legislative 16. Additions to the Constitution 6 Branch Article 12. We hear cases 17. How to amend the Constitution about the laws and decide what the laws mean. 18. How to Ratify the Constitution Article **Branch** 5

Worksheet p.1

Anatomy of the Constitution Name:

E. Table of Contents. Complete the Constitutional Table of Contents by filling in the missing pieces with words from the lesson. Use the word bank below if you need help.

federalism	purpose	judicial	states	

Section	Answers these questions	
Preamble	What does the Constitution do? What is the of the government?	
Article I	How does the branch create laws? What powers do the states have?	
Article II	How does the branch execute laws?	
Article III	How does the branch interpret the laws?	
Article IV	How should the get along with each other?	
Article V	How can the Constitution be, or changed?	
Article VI	How does work? Which law is supreme?	
Article VII	What have to be taken to make the Constitution the law of the land?	
Amendments	What changes have been made to the?	

F. Who Said It? First, match the quote about working in government to the correct branch. Then name the article that describes the powers of this branch.

Floor debate [on a bill] is an exhilarating experience and important duty.

Carolyn Cheeks Kilpatrick, D- MI

The presidency has many problems, but boredom is the least of them. *Richard Nixon, R-CA*

We apply laws to facts. We do not apply feelings to facts.

Justice Sonia Sotomayor







